Important Note: Visit http://www.ncbex.org/exams/ube/ for the most current information on the Uniform Bar Examination, including an up-to-date list of jurisdictions using the UBE. This course guide is no substitute for your own review of the requirements for admission to any state bar.

This course guide is intended to assist students in selecting courses to prepare them for the Uniform Bar Examination (UBE). The UBE has been adopted by numerous states, including Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, South Carolina, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wyoming, U.S. Virgin Islands. IMPORTANT NOTE: Jurisdictions that use the multistate components of the UBE may also require applicants to also complete a jurisdiction-specific educational component and/or pass a test on jurisdiction-specific law in addition to passing the multistate components of the UBE. Research the requirements of your target jurisdiction.

General Information: The UBE is coordinated by the National Conference of Bar Examiners (NCBE) and is composed of the Multistate Essay Examination (MEE), two Multistate Performance Test (MPT) tasks, and the Multistate Bar Examination (MBE). More information on the distinction between the MEE and the MBE, whose subject matter overlap, can be found at the end of this guide.

Components of the Exam (parenthetical % indicates the relative value in the exam score)

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The information below outlines the various components of the UBE and indicates which LSU Law Center courses correspond most significantly with the subject matter coverage of each subject on the UBE (as provided by the NCBE). UBE states also require the MPRE.

Multistate Essay Examination (MEE) (30%): The MEE contains six 30-minute questions. Some questions may include more than one area of law. The particular areas covered vary from exam to exam. Listed below are areas of law tested and courses that correspond, at least in part, to those areas of law. For more detailed information, review the MEE Subject Matter Outline.

- **Business Associations**
  - Business Associations I (5300)
  - Business Associations II (5301)

- **Civil Procedure**
  - Basic Civil Procedure I (5007) (1L, required)
  - Basic Civil Procedure II (5017) (1L, required)
  - Federal Courts (5603)

- **Conflict of Laws**
  - Conflict of Laws (5705) (no stand-alone questions)

- **Constitutional Law**
  - Constitutional Law I (5008) (1L, required)
  - Constitutional Law II (5421)
  - Federal Courts (5603)
  - Supplemental Course: Administrative Law (5402)

- **Contracts**
  - Contracts (5001) (1L, required)
  - Contracts II (5305)
  - UCC Sales (5319)

- **Criminal Law & Procedure**
  - Criminal Law (5009) (1L, required)
  - Administration of Criminal Justice I (5010) (1L, required)
  - Supplemental course: Admin. of Criminal Justice II (5401)

- **Evidence**
  - Evidence (5605)
FAMILY LAW
Family Law: The Law of Persons and the Family (5208)

REAL PROPERTY
Common Law Property (5309)
Real Estate Transactions (5530)

TORTS
Torts (5003) (1L, required)

TRUSTS AND ESTATES
Common Law Trusts, Estates, Fiduciary Obligations (5311)

UNIF. COMMERCIAL CODE
Uniform Commercial Code Security Devices (2) (5320)

MULTISTATE PERFORMANCE TEST (MPT) (20%): The NCBE’s Multistate Performance Test (MPT) contains two 90-minute items. The MPT is a skills test rather than a knowledge test. The goal is to test some fundamental skills that all lawyers, no matter their subject-matter expertise, will be expected to apply in practice. Based on a “file” containing research materials as well as source documents, the test-taker provides a written response to a task assigned in the “question,” which comes in the form of a memorandum from a supervising attorney. The form of the response varies, and might be a memorandum to the supervising attorney, a letter to a client, a settlement proposal, a persuasive brief, a closing argument, or other attorney work product. More information on preparation is at: http://www.ncbex.org/exams/mpt/preparing/, and the skills tested are described at MPT Skills Tested. Courses that focus on the basic skills that are central to successful performance on the MPT include:

LEGAL RESEARCH & WRITING
Legal Research & Writing I & II (5021, 5022) (1L, req’d)

Note: In addition to LR&W I & II, many advanced research, skills, clinical, externship, and trial advocacy courses provide opportunities to develop the skills that are tested on the MPT.

MULTISTATE BAR EXAMINATION (50%) (multiple-choice): The NCBE’s Multistate Bar Examination (MBE) is a six-hour, 200-question multiple-choice examination. The stated goal of the MBE is to test the examinee’s ability to apply fundamental legal principles and legal reasoning to analyze given fact patterns. Listed below are areas of law tested and courses that correspond, at least in part, to those areas of law. For the complete scope of the material covered by the MBE, see the MBE Subject Matter Outline.

CIVIL PROCEDURE
Basic Civil Procedure I (5007) (1L, required)
Basic Civil Procedure II (5017) (1L, required)
Federal Courts (5603)

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW
Constitutional Law I (5008) (1L, required)
Constitutional Law II (5421)
Federal Courts (5603)
Supplemental course: Administrative Law (5402)

CONTRACTS
Contracts (5001) (1L, required)
Contracts II (5305)
UCC Sales (5319)

CRIMINAL LAW & PROCEDURE
Criminal Law (5009) (1L, required)
Administration of Criminal Justice I (5010) (1L, required)
Supplemental course: Admin. of Criminal Justice II (5401)

EVIDENCE
Evidence (5605) (required course)

REAL PROPERTY
Common Law Property (5309)
Real Estate Transactions (5530)

TORTS
Torts (5003) (1L, required)

1 As of March 2018, the MEE’s UCC coverage (beyond Contracts (Article 2, Sales of Goods) and general provisions (Article 1)) only extends to Article 9, Secured Transactions. The NCBE does not list UCC Articles 3 or 4 as subject matter covered on the UBE, although those topics might be covered by individual states that add state-specific questions to the UBE. Check your chosen state.
COMPLETE LIST OF COURSES FOR QUICK REFERENCE—SEE ABOVE FOR RELATIVE “WEIGHT”:

1L COURSES

First Semester
Basic Civil Procedure I (5007)
Contracts (5001)
Criminal Law (5009)
Torts (5003)
Legal Research & Writing I (5021)

Second Semester
Basic Civil Procedure II (5017)
Constitutional Law I (5008)
Administration of Criminal Justice I (5010)
Legal Research & Writing II (5022)

UPPERCLASS COURSES

Administration of Criminal Justice II (5401)
Administrative Law (5402)
Business Associations I (5300)
Business Associations II (5301)
Common Law Property (5309)
Common Law Trusts, Estates, Fiduciary Obligations (5311)
Conflict of Laws (5705)
Constitutional Law II (5421)
Contracts II (5305)
Evidence (5605) (required course)
Family Law: The Law of Persons and the Family (5208)
Federal Courts (5603)
Real Estate Transactions (5530)
UCC Sales (5319)
UCC Security Devices (5320)

According to the NCBE website:

The purpose of the MBE is to assess the extent to which an examinee can apply fundamental legal principles and legal reasoning to analyze given fact patterns.

The purpose of the MEE is to test the examinee’s ability to (1) identify legal issues raised by a hypothetical factual situation; (2) separate material which is relevant from that which is not; (3) present a reasoned analysis of the relevant issues in a clear, concise, and well-organized composition; and (4) demonstrate an understanding of the fundamental legal principles relevant to the probable solution of the issues raised by the factual situation. The primary distinction between the MEE and the Multistate Bar Examination (MBE) is that the MEE requires the examinee to demonstrate an ability to communicate effectively in writing.